



<p><b>ELG EYFS</b></p> <p>Understanding the World: People &amp; Communities</p>	<p><b>Years 1 and 2</b></p> <p>By the end of Year 1 pupils should have a basic grasp of all this content. By the end of Year 2 pupils should have an advancing understanding of this content, whilst some will have a deep understanding</p>	<p><b>Years 3 and 4</b></p> <p>By the end of Year 3 pupils should have a basic grasp of all this content. By the end of Year 4 pupils should have an advancing understanding of this content, whilst some will have a deep understanding</p>	<p><b>Years 5 and 6</b></p> <p>By the end of Year 5 pupils should have a basic grasp of all this content. By the end of Year 6 pupils should have an advancing understanding of this content, whilst some will have a deep understanding</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members</li> <li>• Know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this.</li> <li>• Know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.</li> <li>• Enjoy joining in with family customs and routines</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Investigate and interpret the past</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Observe or handle evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past.</li> <li>• Ask questions such as: What was it like for people? What happened? How long ago?</li> <li>• Use artefacts, pictures, stories, online sources and databases to find out about the past.</li> <li>• Identify some of the different ways the past has been represented.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Investigate and interpret the past</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past.</li> <li>• Suggest suitable sources of evidence for historical enquiries.</li> <li>• Use more than one source of evidence for historical enquiry in order to gain a more accurate understanding of history.</li> <li>• Describe different accounts of a historical event, explaining some of the reasons why the accounts may differ.</li> <li>• Suggest causes and consequences of some of the main events and changes in history.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Investigate and interpret the past</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use sources of evidence to deduce information about the past.</li> <li>• Select suitable sources of evidence, giving reasons for choices.</li> <li>• Use sources of information to form testable hypotheses about the past.</li> <li>• Seek out and analyse a wide range of evidence in order to justify claims about the past.</li> <li>• Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda and how historians must understand the social context of evidence studied.</li> <li>• Understand that no single source of evidence gives the full answer to questions about the past.</li> <li>• Refine lines of enquiry as appropriate.</li> </ul>
	<p><b><u>Build an overview of world history</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe historical events.</li> <li>• Describe significant people from the past.</li> <li>• Recognise that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Build an overview of world history</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Build an overview of world history</li> <li>• Describe changes that have happened in the locality of the school throughout history.</li> <li>• Give a broad overview of life in Britain from ancient until medieval times.</li> <li>• Compare some of the times studied with those of other areas of interest around the world.</li> <li>• Describe the social, ethnic, cultural or religious diversity of past society.</li> <li>• Describe the characteristic features of the past, including ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of men, women and children.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Build an overview of world history</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify continuity and change in the history of the locality of the school.</li> <li>• Give a broad overview of life in Britain from medieval until the Tudor and Stuarts times.</li> <li>• Compare some of the times studied with those of the other areas of interest around the world.</li> <li>• Describe the social, ethnic, cultural or religious diversity of past society.</li> <li>• Describe the characteristic features of the past, including ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of men, women and children.</li> </ul>
	<p><b><u>Understand Chronology</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Place events and artefacts in order on a time line.</li> <li>• Label time lines with words or phrases such as: past, present, older and newer.</li> <li>• Recount changes that have occurred in their own lives.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Understand Chronology</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Place events, artefacts and historical figures on a time line using dates.</li> <li>• Understand the concept of change over time, representing this, along with evidence, on a time line.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Understand Chronology</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe the main changes in a period of history (using terms such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural).</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use dates where appropriate.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use dates and terms to describe events.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify periods of rapid change in history and contrast them with times of relatively little change.</li> <li>• Understand the concepts of continuity and change over time, representing them, along with evidence, on a time line.</li> <li>• Use dates and terms accurately in describing events.</li> </ul>
	<p><b><u>Communicate historically</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use words and phrases such as: a long time ago, recently, when my parents/carers were children, years, decades and centuries to describe the passing of time.</li> <li>• Show an understanding of the concept of nation and a nation's history.</li> <li>• Show an understanding of concepts such as civilisation, monarchy, parliament, democracy, and war and peace.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Communicate historically</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• dates</li> <li>• time period</li> <li>• era</li> <li>• change</li> <li>• chronology</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Use literacy, numeracy and computing skills to a good standard in order to communicate information about the past.</li> </ul>	<p><b><u>Communicate historically</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• dates</li> <li>• time period</li> <li>• era</li> <li>• chronology</li> <li>• continuity</li> <li>• change</li> <li>• century</li> <li>• decade</li> <li>• legacy</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Use literacy, numeracy and computing skills to an exceptional standard in order to communicate information about the past.</li> <li>• Use original ways to present information and ideas.</li> </ul>



Crudgington Primary School – History  
Year 1 & 2



Learning Objective	Key Indicators	Basic	Advancing	Deep
<b>To investigate and interpret the past</b>	Observe or handle evidence to ask questions and find answers about the past.	With the support of a teacher, evidence is explored to find out about the past.	When presented with evidence, some questions about the past are asked and answered.	Evidence is beginning to be selected in order to ask and answer questions about the past.
	Ask questions such as: What was it like for people? What happened? How long ago?	During structured activities, some relevant questions about the past are asked	A growing number of relevant questions about the past are asked.	Good, relevant questions about the past are asked and the answers investigated.
	Identify some of the different ways the past has been represented.	With the support of a teacher, there is an awareness that pictures, stories and accounts represent the past	A growing number of representations of the past are understood and used, such as newspapers, stories, pictures, artefacts and documents.	A wide variety of representations of the past are known and carefully selected to investigate the past.
<b>To build an overview of world history</b>	Describe historical events.	With the support of a teacher, some historical events are described.	A range of historical events are described, using historical language and interesting detail.	A wide range of historical events are described and presented in a number of ways, using historical language and interesting and pertinent detail.
	Describe significant people from the past	With the support of a teacher, significant people are studied and described.	The term 'significant' is increasingly understood and used to select people from the past to describe.	There is a strong awareness of the term 'significant' and this is used to justify choices of people to study and describe.
	Recognise that there are reasons why people in the past acted as they did.	With the support of a teacher, the actions of people in the past are studied and described.	There is a growing understanding of the reasons why people in the past acted as they did. Decisions are made as to how to present this information.	The reasons why people acted as they did in the past are thoroughly explored from more than one point of view. Opinions of these actions are presented and justified.
<b>To understand chronology</b>	Place events and artefacts in order on a time line	With the support of a teacher, there is some understanding of the passing of time and how it may be represented in order of events.	There is a growing understanding of the passing of time and decisions are made as to how to place events and artefacts in the correct order.	There is a well-developed understanding of the passing of time and events and objects are placed in order, with clear explanations for choices, that include historical language
	Label time lines with words or phrases such as: past, present, older and newer	During structured activities, timelines are annotated with historical language.	Timelines are generally annotated to include some historical language.	Timelines have detailed annotations which show a good grasp of historical language
	Recount changes that have occurred in one's own life	During structured activities, the main events of one's own life are recounted.	The main events of one's own life are recounted with interesting historical detail.	The main events of one's own life are presented in lively or novel

				ways with an excellent use of historical language to add detail.
	Use dates where appropriate.	With support from a teacher, dates are used to chart events.	Dates are used to chart some events.	Dates are used in a variety of forms, including days, months and years.
<b>To communicate historically</b>	Use words and phrases such as: a long time ago, recently, when my parents/carers were children, years, decades and centuries to describe the passing of time.	During structured activities, historical language is used.	Historical language is becoming fluent and decisions as to what language to use are beginning to be made.	Historical language is fluent and used appropriately in a wide variety of situations.



Crudgington Primary School – History  
Year 3 & 4



Learning Objective	Key Indicators	Basic	Advancing	Deep
<b>To investigate and interpret the past</b>	Use evidence to ask questions and find answers to questions about the past.	There are some good examples of using evidence to ask and answer questions about the past.	There is a growing understanding of how to use evidence to generate questions and to investigate answers about the past.	Evidence is carefully selected and investigated and used to ask pertinent questions and to explore possible answers.
	Suggest suitable sources of evidence for historical enquiries.	There is some awareness of the suitability of evidence.	Evidence is generally chosen for its suitability	Evidence is carefully selected for its suitability and clear reasons are given for choices made.
	Use more than one source of evidence for historical enquiry in order to gain a more accurate understanding of history.	There is some awareness that different sources of evidence give a variety of information about the past.	A range of evidence is selected in order to gain a more accurate understanding of history.	Evidence is sifted and carefully selected to gain a thorough understanding of history
	Describe different accounts of a historical event, explaining some of the reasons why the accounts may differ.	There is some awareness that there are different accounts and interpretations of historical events	Different accounts and interpretations of historical events are explored and some reasons given why the accounts may differ.	Different accounts and interpretations of historical events are thoroughly explored and presented, with well-reasoned arguments for which may be the most accurate.
	Suggest causes and consequences of some of the main events and changes in history.	Some good suggestions on causes and consequences of some familiar events in history are put forward.	Many good and thoughtful suggestions are offered on the causes and consequences of main events in history	Carefully considered suggestions, along with alternative viewpoints about the causes and consequences of the main events in history are presented in an interesting way
<b>To build an overview of world history</b>	Describe changes that happened in the locality of the school throughout history.	Some basic changes to the locality of the school over time are described.	Some of the changes to the locality of the school over time are explained with some examples and detail.	The changes to the locality of the school over time are thoroughly explored and described with telling examples and accurate detail.
	Give a broad overview of life in Britain.	With support, some of the major changes in Britain from the Stone Age through to CE1066 and some events beyond CE1066 are described.	The major changes around a number of themes in Britain from the Stone Age through to CE1066 and some events beyond CE1066 are explored and described.	The major changes around a number of themes in Britain from the Stone Age through to CE1066 and some events beyond CE1066 are explored in depth and areas are chosen to describe in detail.
	Compare some of the times studied with those of other areas of interest around the world.	With support, historical events around the world are compared.	Historical events around the world are selected and compared.	Historical events around the world are carefully selected to highlight similarities and differences
	Describe the social, ethnic, cultural or religious diversity of past society	With support, the past is described in a number of ways.	The past is described by selecting which aspects to focus upon.	The past is described in a wide range of ways with carefully chosen foci that are clearly explained.

	Describe the characteristic features of the past, including ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of men, women and children.	With support, the characteristic features of the past are described.	The main characteristic features of the past are generally described.	The main characteristic features of the past are understood and described with interesting detail.
<b>To understand chronology</b>	Place events, artefacts and historical figures on a time line using dates	There is generally a good knowledge of the chronological order of the past and with structured activity the past can be placed in order on a timeline.	The chronological order of the past is understood and it is represented on a time line accurately	Chronology is understood, including overlapping events in different parts of the world.
	Understand the concept of change over time, representing this, along with evidence, on a timeline.	With support, changes over time are represented on a timeline	The concept of change in key themes is understood and some good examples of this are represented on timelines.	There is a thorough exploration and description of change in some key themes in history. Timelines are used to chart changes and to comment upon the rate of change.
	Use dates and terms to describe events.	When reminded, key dates are used.	Key dates are generally used.	Key dates are used in almost all historical accounts.
<b>To communicate historically</b>	Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: dates, time period, era, change, chronology.	When reminded, historical language is used.	Historical language is selected and used appropriately	Historical language is carefully chosen and used well to describe a wide range of events



Crudgington Primary School – History Three  
Year 5 & 6



Learning Objective	Key Indicators	Basic	Advancing	Deep
<b>To investigate and interpret the past</b>	Use sources of evidence to deduce information about the past.	There is some awareness of the word 'deduce'.	Evidence is selected and investigated and there are some good examples of conclusions that have been deduced from its scrutiny.	Evidence is collected, sifted and investigated to provide well-reasoned arguments for events in the past.
	Select suitable sources of evidence, giving reasons for choices	Some suitable sources of evidence are suggested.	Suitable evidence is suggested and explored with some reasons for its suitability explained.	Clear reasoning and careful judgement is used to select and explore evidence.
	Use sources of information to form testable hypotheses about the past.	With support, hypotheses are formed and investigated.	Generally, some interesting hypotheses are formed from a growing knowledge of the past and tested through further research.	Interesting and thoughtful hypotheses are formed, based on a deep understanding of the past, and are tested by looking at unfamiliar evidence and different viewpoints.
	Seek out and analyse a wide range of evidence in order to justify claims about the past.	Some good suggestions of suitable evidence are given and used to back up conclusions.	A growing range of evidence is sought and explored in formulating and justifying claims about the past.	A wide and carefully chosen range of evidence is sought and explored in formulating and justifying claims about the past.
	Show an awareness of the concept of propaganda and how historians must understand the social context of evidence studied.	There is some awareness that some historical documents represent propaganda.	The social and political contexts of evidence are studied and conclusions drawn as to the reliability of the source.	There is a good understanding of the social, cultural, political and religious contexts in which historical evidence was created, and this is acknowledged when formulating conclusions.
	Understand that no single source of evidence gives the full answer to questions about the past.	There is a growing awareness of the need to look at more than one source of evidence.	A number of sources of evidence are sought out.	A wide range of evidence is collected, sifted and used.
	Refine lines of enquiry as appropriate.	There are some good examples of refining lines of enquiry.	There are good examples of refinements to a line of enquiry with reasons given for the refinements.	Lines of enquiry are altered in a timely manner based on emerging evidence or conflicting accounts of history.
<b>To build an overview of world history</b>	Identify continuity and change in the history of the locality of the school.	There is a growing understanding of the concepts of continuity and change and some examples of this are given.	Key themes are compared and areas of continuity and change identified and described.	Key themes are selected to show contrast in continuity and change.
	Give a broad overview of life in Britain and some major events from	When reminded, the broad history of Britain and some ancient	There is a good knowledge of the broad history of Britain and ancient	There is an excellent understanding of the nature

	the rest of the world.	societies from around the world are described.	societies which are described with interesting detail.	of British history and ancient civilisations. They are described in interesting and novel ways.
	Compare some of the times studied with those of other areas of interest around the world.	With support, some time periods are compared and described.	Time periods are selected and compared, with interesting detail given.	Time periods are carefully chosen to show similarities and differences with clear and interesting detail given.
	Describe the social, ethnic, cultural or religious diversity of past society.	With support, descriptions of the past involve a number of aspects.	Descriptions of the past involve a number of aspects.	Descriptions of the past show a good understanding of the many different aspects of historical contexts.
	Describe the characteristic features of the past, including ideas, beliefs, attitudes and experiences of men, women and children.	When reminded, the characteristic features of the past, from a range of perspectives, are described.	Generally, the characteristic features of the past, from a range of perspectives, are described.	Many of the characteristic features of the past are detailed from a carefully selected range of perspectives.
<b>To understand chronology</b>	Describe the main changes in a period of history (using terms such as: social, religious, political, technological and cultural).	The concept of change within a time period is understood, with some examples given.	Changes within a time period are chronicled in a logical and interesting way.	Changes within a time period are described in various terms, such as growth and decline.
	Identify periods of rapid change in history and contrast them with times of relatively little change.	In structured activities, there is some description of the rate of change with some good examples provided.	There is a general understanding that time periods can be described as times of rapid or relatively little change and examples are chosen to represent this.	The rate and extent of change is described and some reasons suggested.
	Understand the concepts of continuity and change over time, representing them, along with evidence, on a timeline.	There is some awareness of the concepts of continuity and change and, with support, they are represented.	There is generally a good awareness of the concepts of continuity and change and they are represented in interesting ways on an annotated timeline.	Times of continuity and change are identified and described in a number of interesting ways, along with a number of well-considered possible reasons.
	Use dates and terms accurately in describing events.	When reminded, dates and terms are used to describe events.	Dates and terms are generally used to describe events.	Dates and terms are recalled or researched and used to describe events.
<b>To communicate historically</b>	Use appropriate historical vocabulary to communicate, including: dates, time period, era, chronology, continuity, change, century, decade and legacy.	Some appropriate historical language is used.	Generally, appropriate historical language is used.	Historical language is fluent and used in widespread situations.